



The Southerner.

TARBORO: SEPTEMBER 25.

FOR PRESIDENT,
FRANKLIN PIERCE.
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM R. KING,
OF ALABAMA.

Errors.

In many copies of our last issue, through inadvertency, we being absent, the following errors were made: The 8th and 9th lines of the second column of the second page, in the article headed "The Speaking," should have been the 11th and 12th. In the third column, \$290,000 should have been \$190,000. Several other typographical mistakes, but these, our readers will readily perceive and correct.

A Card.

L. O'B. Branch Esq., Democratic Presidential elector, will address the citizens of Nash, Johnston, Wake, Franklin, Warren and Halifax, at the approaching terms of their Superior Courts

Mass Meeting.

There will be a MASS MEETING of the Democrats

AT ENFIELD.

On Saturday, the 16th day of October next, to which all parties are respectfully invited. Messrs. BRANCH, DOBBIN, VENABLE, and other distinguished speakers, have promised to attend.

The Enfield Mass Meeting.

From a Card in our columns, it will be seen that the Democracy of Halifax and the adjoining counties, will hold a Mass Meeting at Enfield, in the next month. We made a slight allusion to a participation in the same by the citizens of Edgecombe, a few weeks since, and intended, if we had been at home on Saturday last, to have taken further notice of the matter. We are however unaware of any mode of making our efforts united and effective, except that of forming a Pierce and King Club in Tarboro'. What say our democratic citizens? Who will participate? It is surely necessary; for Edgecombe must give the largest vote for Pierce and King, ever polled in the county; and this can be done only by laborious and associated effort. Come forward then, you champions of Edgecombe democracy, you lovers of her glorious political fame, and put your shoulders to the wheel. Suppose we have a meeting in the Court House on Tuesday night next. What say you? Come one, come all.

The Campaign.

The candidates for the two highest offices, known to our government, are now fully before the people. The presses, orators, and political tricksters have girded on their respective armors, and are energetically marshalling their forces, for the coming of the great day.

When we reflect upon the spectacle thus presented, and feel that it is the grand preparation for the assemblage, at one time, and though at thousands of places, for one common object, of the whole people of this great nation, to confer upon one of her worthiest citizens the crown of civic merit, we can but deprecate every act dishonorable, we can but hope for noble and sagacious efforts, prompted by high patriotic impulses. Ours is a great, a glorious, a christian land. Its president sits unpurged, as our choice representative, and his name is enrolled upon a list, consecrated by his head—George Washington. However much then we may desire the elevation of a favorite—however much we may wish to engrave in our government the great political principles, which we believe are necessary for its perpetuation, we should surely never impugn the motives, nor attempt to stamp with infamy those, who perchance may soon be to the world, the embodiment and representative of the principles of our people.

The question then may be asked, who is

or will be responsible for a departure from this noble line of conduct? Which of the companies, political-capital manufacturing companies, the Press, the stump, or the Committee room, wields most influence? Can any one hesitate in his answer. Surely the press. Then upon the press is dependent in a great degree the character of every political canvass. And sad is it to think, that editors have not been "clear in their high calling." Too often have they floated with the popular current, too often pandered to popular prejudices, too often aided and abetted political jugglers. Let it be so no longer. Strike for the dignity of your profession. Work for something higher than mere momentary, ephemeral success gained through deception. Elevate your thoughts, and direct your ambition to achieve the more magnanimous victories of truth and justice.

And you, fellow citizens, have an important interest in this matter. You seek, through your journals, the true history of passing events. You seek light from them, on all the leading questions of the day, and it is your duty to require of them no dark-lantern gleam, but the full, broad glare of investigation and exposition. Make them burn upon their altars vestal fires, or add no oil to their lamps.

The following extract, from the Speech of the Hon. C. J. Faulkner, of Virginia, (Whig) delivered at the Democratic Mass Meeting in Reading, is a most eloquent vindication of Franklin Pierce. Virginia can boast of few more effective speakers than Mr. Faulkner, and we are happy to see him among those, few though they be, who honestly set out the promptings of their better judgments, and who love, more than party, the true interests of their country and their own cherished institutions.

"This has been called the canvass of 'Falsehood and frauds,' and such it truly has been. Without resorting to falsehood, what could be said against Frank Pierce? At first he was charged with being a drunkard—but that soon sunk into the kennel of loathsomeness and forgotten calumnies. Then he was charged with intolerance to his Catholic fellow citizens,—But these very Catholics promptly rose en masse with their reverend pastor at their head, and pronounced the statement false. Then came the Foss fabrication, but that has now sunk to the Tomb of the Chapulets. The Whigs have one left left, and upon that, they exhaust all the powers of their wit and eloquence.—General Pierce fainted on the battle field of 'Cherubusco.' Well, gentlemen, the fact is so. We can't deny it. Gen. Pierce did faint on the battle field of 'Cherubusco,' and yet the man who could reproach him with that fact, is destitute of an American heart in his bosom, and is no better than a Mexican dog. It is the proudest incident in the military history of Franklin Pierce. Hear what General Scott, and Gen. Pillow say. [Mr. F. here read the official accounts of the action from the despatches of Scott, Pillow, &c.]

And this is the incident that is made the subject of Whig jest—of Whig wit, and Whig buffoonery. Gen. Pierce is not the first brave man that ever fainted upon a battlefield. Messena—the brave Messena, he whom Napoleon called his right arm—whom history has styled the favorite child of victory—whom poetry and song has chaunted as the thunderbolt of war, fainted upon one of the bloodiest fields of his fame, and from the same causes that caused Gen. Pierce to faint—pain and bodily exhaustion; and if the Whigs will have it so, let history then designate Pierce as the fainting Messena of the Mexican war—as one whose gallant spirit led where his frail, diseased and worn down body could not follow, and believe me, gentlemen, if poetry or painting will ever do justice to that historical scene it will paint the prostrate body of the wounded and exhausted soldier stretched upon the ground—while his gallant spirit will be seen to hover over the smoke and carnage of battle, cheering his comrades on to victory, and sighing that it cannot mingle in the dread affray.

The Dedication.

On Saturday last, we visited the Town Creek Division of the Sons of Temperance; and witnessed the dedication of the first temple, erected to Temperance, in the county of Edgecombe. The building is pleasantly located, of a convenient size, comfortably arranged, and plainly and neatly erected. The lower story is fitted up as a place of worship, the upper story as the hall.

We have passed through most portions of our country, and have been always pleased with the signs of prosperity and progress which it everywhere presents; but we can say in truth and candor, that we have never visited a county spot that presents so many indications of social and industrial advancement, or one, so tastefully beautified by the

hand of nature, as the Town Creek region. And the rich, ripe crop, nodding its golden ears, bespeaks it a land of plenty and good cheer.

The day was clear and pleasant, and the good citizens, both brave and fair, were present. After the simple, yet imposing ceremony was over, the audience was entertained, for about two hours, by a very able argumentative address from the Rev. Jas. L. Cotton. Thoroughly analysing the various objections urged against the Sons, he met and refuted them—most happily vindicating the great cause. After he closed, the ladies unrolled their ample stores, and dispensed the "necessaries" to the creature man; and we all enjoyed a real "Town Creek" feast. After a little chit-chat, we again repaired to the Hall, and were much pleased and instructed by an address from that very enthusiastic son, William Robinson of Goldsboro'. Though excluded from most of the argumentative positions of the Sons, by the able handling of Mr. Cotton, the speech presented many points, quite powerful, and which told well. On closing, the members of the Division calling for us, we made a few remarks. The meeting then dispersed in a very pleasant mood.

We saw a little more, but as it is generally believed that we cannot refrain from expatiating on the ladies, we'll show 'em that we can.

R. A. Pryor.

This able and spirited Editor, has become junior associate in the editorial department of the Union. We are happy to see however, that he has selected a worthy successor; and that the South-side Democrat still stands among the most powerful and efficient presses of Virginia.

Mr. Copeland.

This gentleman and artist exhibited in our village last evening, his interesting painting of John Wesley's death scene. As the weather was inclement, and many of our citizens did not attend, we take pleasure, in calling their attention to Mr. Copeland's card in our advertising columns. The painting is well worth visiting, not only for the more momentary visual pleasure, which all good works of art give, but for the happy lesson it must read to all.

Mr. Copeland is also a fine portrait painter.

POLITICAL.

Gen. Scott.

Extract from the N. Y. Herald of the Union.

But we confess that there is another reason, which to our apprehension constitutes a still stronger objection to the elevation of General Scott. We do not suppose that he is an Abolitionist, and if he were there would be still less danger in elevating him. We should prefer to day, to have Mr. Seward chosen President, than to see General Scott elected. Mr. Seward is an intriguing demagogue, and if he once reached the height of his ambition, we presume, like all other demagogues in power, he would become a conservative at once. But the course will be, that if General Scott is elected, his administration, like the administration of every other man, will be under the control of those who raised him to power, and the three men who have most contributed and who will most contribute to this end, in this case, are William H. Seward, Horace Greeley, and Thurlow Weed—the very trinity of all the domestic trouble, agitation, strife, and contention, which we have had in the State of New York, for the last twenty years. General Scott has no political notions that last any longer than the hour. He has no cardinal civic principles to guide him. He would be the subject of every political intrigue, and the victim of every designing demagogue. With the patronage of the federal government in his hand, he would be subjected to ten thousand temptations, from cunning deceivers, and annoyed and enraged by their deceptions, tricks and applications, he would vacillate, resolve and re-resolve, continually changing his policy, and shifting his course, at one moment governing the country like a dictator, and at another yielding with extreme docility to the guidance of his friends. He would give no peace to the nation, he would establish no settled policy, and we should witness the humiliating spectacle of a great nation vacillating between the trickery of demagogues and the tyranny of a dictator.

We notice in the last Southerner, a proposition that the Democrats of Halifax and Edgecombe hold a Mass Meeting. We are authorized to say that the Democracy of Halifax will cheerfully unite and do her part. We would also suggest that the Banner County of Nash unite and let us have a grand rally. The Democracy are aroused and in fine spirits. We say let us keep the fire up.—Halifax Rep.

What Hale Says.

John P. Hale, in his recent letter declining to become the Free Soil candidate for the Presidency, speaks thus of the position of the democratic party, and of Gen. Pierce:

"Every demand of slavery has been complied with—every threat, however insolent, has been met with craven and cowardly submission, until emboldened by success, she has nominated her candidate for the Presidency, who bases his claim to public favor on the ground that no act or record of his life has ever been found in opposition to her demands."

Gen. Scott.

The Whig Review, the national organ, no longer ago than 1851, thus expressed its opinions upon General Scott's fitness for the Presidency:

"We much question Gen. Scott's qualification for the position to which some of his admirers would elevate him. The exigencies of the times require abler hands and wiser views and more of a statesman."

Hear Him.

The Boston Bee, a staunch and spiky whig journal, unfolds its views and defines its position as to Gen. Scott's nomination as follows:

"We can inform the editor of the Springfield Republican to that the Bee is a Whig paper—its editors are, ever were, and ever will be whigs, but not abolitionists. We don't hoist the flag of any party who 'spits upon the whig platform,' we go for no man who writes such a stupid letter as that which we this morning publish from General Scott. The Bee will never 'leave in' to such a nomination while it remains under the control of its present editors."

Gentry and Williams.

The Scott and Jones men of East Tennessee, are free men, we allow, and they are certainly at liberty to pursue their own course, in the contest in which we are now engaged—but it does seem to us, they are not adopting the best course of policy in their wholesale abuse of such men as Meredith P. Gentry and Christopher H. Williams. There are not two more able, consistent, and patriotic men in the Whig ranks in Tennessee, than these gentlemen are. Of a high order of talents, unsullied private and public characters, these gentlemen have fought the battles of the Whig party too long, to be read out of the Whig church now, by certain upstarts in politics who came into the Whig ranks but yesterday—and all too, because these gentlemen refuse to endorse the corruptions of the late Baltimore Convention, and the fraud practised upon the great Whig party, by such men as Seward, Greeley, Jones and Fitz Henry Warren. As honest men, as Southern men, they cannot, under all the circumstances, support Scott. And the day is not far distant, when the people will see that Gentry and Williams were right, in every step they took, and when their entire course will be popular—mark what we say!—*Knoxville Whig.*

FOREIGN.

ARRIVAL OF

The Steamer Africa.

Latest from Europe.

The steamer Africa has arrived at New York, with Liverpool dates to the 11th inst. The sales of Cotton had been fair, and prices were steady. No change in breadstuffs.

The political intelligence is not interesting.

MARKETS.

TARBORO' MARKET, Sept. 25.
Turpentine—Virgin dip, \$2 30; Old dip, \$2 25 to \$2 30.
Serpae 40 cts. per 100 lbs.
Tar, \$1 per barrel.
Corn, \$2 25 to \$2 50 per bbl.
Bacon, 11 to 12 1/2 cts.
Lard, 11 to 12 1/2 cts.
Fish—Mulletts, \$6 50; Whole Herrings, \$5 50; Drums, \$5 50; Mackerel, half bbls. \$4 25.

Washington Market, Sept. 21.
N. Stores—No change to notice in any article since our last review—receipts light.

Grain—Sales of about 1000 bushels Hyde county corn this week at 50c., and of up river to arrive 52c.

Wilmington Market, Sept. 22.
Turpentine.—The receipts of the article since last report are falling off, and it is taken readily at 2,65 for yellow dip for shipment and distillers. We quote the market as firm at above price for yellow dip. There have been sales of about 1,000 bbls. altogether at that rate, hard 1,321 per bbl.

Corn.—There have been no arrivals since our last. The stock, however, is full.

Bacon—Continues in moderate request. Supplies equal to the demand. Arrivals light. N. C. Hams are wanted. We note no change in former prices.

Lard—The arrivals are light, and our quotations remain without change. The demand is moderate, with a fair stock on hand. We hear of no transactions of consequence to report.

Petersburg Market, Sept. 21.

In Cotton we hear of no sales—stock large for season—quote nominally at 9 a 10c.

Corn—but little offering; 62 1/2 a 65c. for white and mixed.

Bacon—sides dull at 10 1/2 a 10 3/4; shoulders in demand at 9 1/2c. Virginia, hog round, 12 1/2.

Norfolk Market, Sept. 21.

Bacon.—Va. & N. C. hog-round 12 a 11; Hams 12 a 16; Western Sides 10 1/2 a 11; Shoulders 9 1/2 a 10. Supply of all kinds good.

Corn.—Scarce and wanted, sales yesterday at 64 cents.

Cotton.—None quoted, 10 cts.

Lard.—Va. N. C. No 1. 13 a 14.

POISONING.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of castor oil, calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundations for a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.,

In another column will be found the advertisement of HOBENSACK'S Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, HOBENSACK'S Liver Pills.

"Do not be deceived," but ask for HOBENSACK'S Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

It is expected that the subject of Religion will be discussed publicly, at New Hope meeting house, on Monday, the 27th instant, between Elder G. M. Thompson, Old School Baptist, and Elder Mark Bennett, Missionary Baptist, to commence at 11 o'clock.—*Com.*

MARRIED.

In this County, on Wednesday the 8th inst., by Rev. Robert O. Burton, Mr. Theophilus Stallings, formerly of Edgecombe, to Miss Martha Brame, daughter of Anderson F. Brame Esq., of Warren.—*Warrenton News.*

Again to-night and
The last Time!!

MR. COPELAND,

WILL AGAIN THIS EVENING, (25th inst.) exhibit in the Baptist Church, Tarboro', (among a number of other Paintings,) his large and imposing Picture of

The Death of the venerable John Wesley.

And will feel grateful to all who may have the kindness to patronise his Exhibition.

P. S. By special request, after the Exhibition, the audience will be addressed on the subject of Temperance. Sept. 25.

The Subscriber

HAS just returned from New York, with a splendid assortment of

French, English, and American

GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Black, blue and fancy Cloths, Black and fancy Cassimeres, of the newest styles,

Vestings, of all kinds, some styles which never have been in this place before, Scarfs, Neck ties, pocket handkerchiefs, Gloves—silk, thread, and kid—of all colors, Silk and wool shirts, and a fine supply of

Morrison's best Dress Shirts. All of which he specially invites the citizens of Edgecombe and adjoining Counties to inspect, assuring them on his part that whoever favors him with their custom, shall receive ample justice, in Materials, Workmanship, &c. &c.

A fine lot of READY MADE CLOTHING, of his own and Northern Manufacture, which will be sold low. Give me a call and be satisfied that what I here assert is no humbug. JAS. MEHEGAN. Tarboro', Sept. 22, 1852.

Teacher Wanted.

THE Subscriber is desirous of engaging a Teacher to take charge of

A Private School

IN EDGECOMBE COUNTY,

Near his house—the situation is healthy and pleasant, and there will be but a few students. The English branches only will be expected to be taught, for which a salary of \$300 and Board will be allowed. Applications, with suitable testimonials or references, will be directed to Enfield P. O.

THOS. MAYO. September 14, 1852.

NEW FANCY Dry Goods Store.

FRANCE & WEDDELL.

THE Subscribers would respectfully inform the ladies of New York, that they have opened the Store

No. 703 Broadway,

Between Fourth street and Washington Place, one block below the New York Hotel, with a new and very choice Stock of

Full Goods, selected in Paris.

Specially for the Broadway Retail Trade—consisting of Rich French Embroideries and Lace, Paris made Mantillas and Cloaks of the latest styles and shapes, in Silk, Vene and Cloth, Black and Colored, Plain and Figured Silks. A superb stock of French Dress Goods, in beautiful, neat and rare designs. A large variety of Plaids in Silk, rino, and all Wool, French Merinos, Muslin de Lanes, Black Bombazeens, Alpaca, Parasutias, Merinos, English Crapes and other Mourning Goods. Real Welsh and Lancashire Flannels, in White, Pink, Blue, and other desirable colors—Savoy and Silk Warp Flannels. Printed Plain and Plaid Cashmere and Wool, Long and Short Shawls, Muslins, Lace and Media Cane. Linens of the best makes for sheeting and Pillow cases, Table Damasks, Napkins, Doilies, Diapers, Towels and Towelling, Shirtings, Long Lawns, French Cambric and Lawns, Linen Cambric and Lawns, Kerchiefs, Silk, Merino Wool and Cotton Hosiery, Merino Shirts and Drawers, Ribbed Edgings, Insertions, &c. Corsetmakers' is Kid Gloves.

FRANCE & WEDDELL, 703 Broadway.

Free Suffrage.

THE QUESTION of amending the Constitution of the State, so as to extend the right of Suffrage, it is believed, has undergone but little discussion in the south-western part of Edgecombe; as the Senatorial voters will be called on shortly, to express themselves on the subject, it is deemed proper to discuss the people are therefore, requested to meet at WILSON, on Thursday, the 30th inst., at ARMSTRONG'S, (Upper Town Court meeting house,) on Friday, the 1st of October, at GAY'S, (in District No. 17,) on Saturday, the 2nd of Oct. next, when a discussion of the subject of

"Free Suffrage"

Is invited, for and against. That the people may be informed of it, request is hereby made of the Justices of the Peace in all the southern part of the county, to advertise the same. MANY VOTERS.

Sept. 14th, 1852.

Kinsaul & Selby

GENERAL RECEIVING

And Forwarding Agents.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

HAVING purchased the thoroughly repaired Ware House, formerly occupied by Messrs. Moye & Jordan, respectfully offer their services as General Agents, and a share of patronage. Their Ware House is situated on the River and at the beginning of the Greenville and Raleigh Plank Road. Any business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention. September 6, 1852.

NOTICE.

OUR SCHOOL will be opened on the 1st Monday—4th day—of October. T. R. & M. E. OWEN.

Sept. 17, 1852.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having qualified as last August Court, as Executor of the last Will and Testament of the late

Randolph Cotton,

Hereby notifies all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them for settlement. HENRY T. CLARK, Executor. Tarboro', Sept. 14, 1852.

MASONIC FUNERAL.

THE FUNERAL of Bro. DUNCAN FRY can will be solemnized at his late residence at Rocky Mount, by the members of

Mount Lebanon Lodge, No. 117.

On the 1st Sunday in October next. A Sermon will be preached by Rev. Mr. LANE. The members of Concord Lodge and other Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

DAVID W. BARNES, Secy. Wilson, Sept. 15, 1852.

\$10 Reward.

ON TUESDAY last, in the streets of Tarboro', the subscriber lost about \$10, consisting mostly of \$4 bills, wrapped up in a brown paper. The above reward he will thankfully give for its recovery.

H. LAFAYETTE STATION. Sept. 17, 1852.

Notice

Is hereby given, that the Sons of Temperance, composing Town Creek Division, in Edgecombe county, will petition the next General Assembly of North Carolina, for the passage of an act, incorporating them under the above title.

By Order of the Division. September 7, 1852.

Spirit of the Age copy.